

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE

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FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Washington.

Senator LaFollette announced that no plans have been completed for a campaign speaking tour in November, although he still hopes to be able to make several progressive speeches before congress meets.

A vigorous attack on Christian Science was made at the annual conference of the Unitarian church here. Rev. George B. Boggs, of St. Louis, characterized it as a menace to the country and to the nation, and as "fanaticism."

It is not the intention of the war department to abandon Fort Des Moines, Ia., as an army post, it was announced at the war department. As soon as it can be arranged a full regiment of cavalry will be sent to maintain the garrison.

On the recommendation of Representative Kendall, Dr. E. A. Shearer was appointed pension surgeon at Ottawa, vice Dr. D. A. Lafore, resigned. Nellie S. Scott and Venus W. Pool, both of Lincoln, Neb., have been appointed scientific assistants in the Agricultural department.

The employers' liability and workmen's compensation commission practically decided to recommend the enactment of a law providing for the insurance of employees of interstate railroads against injury by accident by requiring the roads to make payments for any injury inflicted. No binding vote was taken, but it was admitted that the commissioners were unanimously favorable to the plan.

General.

Suit was begun at Trenton, N. J., to dissolve the steel trust.

A new rebellion is on in Mexico which it is hoped soon to crush.

Francisco I. Madero will be inaugurated president of Mexico Nov. 5.

Mexican insurgents partly burned and wrecked the town of Milpa Alta. James A. Pollard, aged ninety-four, oldest resident, is dead at Chester, Vermont.

At Washington the opinion is that the anti-trust suit means a long and bitter legal struggle.

In an address at Chicago Secretary Fisher said he favored a system of leasing Alaska coal lands.

Woodrow Wilson was acclaimed the next president of the United States by democrats of Wisconsin.

Senator Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma, who was in Los Angeles, said his choice for president was Woodrow Wilson.

Nellie S. Scott and Venus W. Pool, both of Lincoln, Neb., have been appointed scientific assistants in the agricultural department.

Imports of merchandise and dry goods at the port of New York for the week ending October 21 were valued at \$16,570,977.

A contract providing for enough steel cars to equip all its main line trains was signed by the Illinois Central railroad company.

Two important towns, Kiu Kiang, in the province of Kiang-Si, and Sian, capital of Shensi province, have fallen into the hands of the revolutionists.

The fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Falla Bluff, Va., in which Colonel E. D. Baker, personal friend of Lincoln and former senator from Oregon, lost his life, was celebrated near the battlefield.

Congressman Norris objects to W. J. Bryan's attempt to bring progressive republicans into line in support of the democratic ticket.

The United States Steel corporation's first step in the legal battle with the government for its existence will be taken Monday, December 4.

A famous old silk portrait of George Washington, the gift of France to New York city, which has hung in the city hall for many years, is splitting and it is feared it cannot be restored.

The transcontinental flight of Aviator C. P. Rodgers, which was begun at New York, will end at Pasadena.

Robert LaR Borden, premier of Canada, was again elected to the house of commons as one of the members for Halifax.

"I am glad for the opportunity to have my name changed," said Miss Katherine of Terre Haute, Ind., as she was handed the papers which gave her the privilege to change the burdensome appellation. She will be married to Kalen, a farmer.

Senator-elect James K. Vardaman of Mississippi declared that democracy's choice in 1912 would be Clark or Wilson.

All custom houses in the United States will appraise and classify imports according to a standard plan devised by Assistant Secretary Curtis of the Treasury department.

Many Nebraskans were successful in the Dallas land drawing.

Two more important towns were captured by Chinese revolutionists. New rules of procedure have been put in effect by the supreme court at Washington.

Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the New York World, is dead.

South Dakota regulars and insurgents declared a truce and joined in a welcome to the president.

The claim is made at Gregory that the choicest Roselud lands have been allotted to the Indians.

The Philadelphia Americans remain world champions by defeating the New York Nationals, 13 to 2.

A liberal interpretation of Alaska coal land laws was bespoken in the supreme court for indicted men.

Congressman G. W. Norris addressed students at Wesleyan university and at the Temple High, at Lincoln.

Governor Deneen's conservation waterways bill was defeated in the lower branch of the Illinois general assembly.

President Taft signed the long expected proclamation of neutrality of the United States in the war between Turkey and Italy.

Capron Springs hotel, a summer resort near Winchester, Va., was destroyed by fire, along with the cottages and bath houses.

Postal savings banks will be established on November 23 at Craig, Nebraska, Plainview, Shelton, Tecumseh and Wausa in Nebraska.

The six thousand garment-workers at Cleveland who have been on strike nineteen weeks, will vote on the question of giving up the fight.

Two more bridges on the Inter-Oceanic railway, near Amox, Camerica, were destroyed with dynamite by a detachment of Zapata's rebels.

The Mexican embassy in Washington expects official statements early in November as to the makeup of the cabinet of President-elect Madero.

Wooster, O., breaks into the map for a moment with a mother of sixteen children who married her fourth husband four hours after divorcing No. 3.

A bequest of \$750,000 is made to Bryn Mawr college by Emma Carolina Woerschhofer, who died last month and whose will was admitted to probate.

At Rheims, France, while trying out a military aeroplane, the pilot, Jean de Sparmet, fell with the machine from a height of 600 feet, and was crushed to death.

The proclamation signed by President Taft October 24, declaring the neutrality of the United States in the war between Turkey and Italy, was issued at Washington.

All custom houses in the United States will appraise and classify imports according to a standard plan devised by Assistant Secretary Curtis of the treasury department.

The German and French governments have communicated to the powers the first part of the Moroccan agreement having to do with the position of finance in Morocco.

John R. Walsh died at Chicago nine days after his parole from prison.

Rev. Anna Howard Shaw was re-elected president of the national woman's suffrage association.

All railroads are forbidden by the interstate commerce commission to cancel rate contracts with other roads when such action will result in a raise of freight rates.

The Archduke Karl Franz Joseph and Princess Nelia, of Parma, were married in the castle at Schwarza, lower Austria, in the presence of the emperor and the king of Saxony.

A prisoners' strike developed in Sing Sing prison when 156 convicts in the knitting shop refused to continue work, declaring themselves dissatisfied with existing conditions.

No spirit of unfriendliness to the United States influenced the verdict of the Canadian people at the recent election, declared Robert L. Borden, premier of Canada, when he reached New York.

Conditional appropriations aggregating \$635,000 were granted to six colleges and universities at the board of trustees of the John D. Rockefeller fund for education—the general education board—in New York.

James J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern railway, made it plain that if the United States Steel corporation wants to cancel its lease of the Great Northern ore properties in Minnesota it is welcome to do so.

The names of the four midshipmen of the naval academy who were recommended for dismissal because of a breach of the discipline of the school, were made public. Secretary of the Navy Meyer has forwarded the cases to President Taft for final action.

Personal.

A needy woman drew first prize in the South Dakota land lottery.

Dr. Cook was blessed down when he attempted to lecture at Copenhagen.

Senator LaFollette says he will make no extended speaking tour.

Ex-President Roosevelt celebrated his 51st birthday on Oct. 27.

President Taft says there will be no let-up in the prosecution of trusts.

Aviator Ely was killed at Macon, Ga., while giving exhibitions.

Mr. Harrison of Lincoln is looking after the La Folllette boom in Nebraska.

In an address at New York Colonel Roosevelt said courts were prone to err as well as individuals.

State Senator Broderick, a democratic supporter of Lorimer, was compelled to make important admissions.

VALUE OF PROPERTY

STATE BOARD OF ASSESSMENT
COMPLETES ABSTRACT.

GRAND TOTAL OF THE STATE

A Comparison of Values of the Different Kinds for the Years of 1910 and 1911.

Secretary Henry Seymour of the state board of assessments presents the following statements:

	1910	1911
Lands—		
Improved	\$165,185,560	\$166,235,685
Unimproved	22,897,260	24,327,250
Improvements	14,578,833	16,137,111
City and village lots—		
Improved	28,056,684	28,557,151
Unimproved	4,631,541	4,640,756
Improvements	25,603,738	26,467,486
Horses	14,913,225	13,906,805
Mules	1,715,678	1,696,786
Cattle	10,539,258	10,692,878
Sheep	212,359	238,882
Hogs	3,618,280	3,675,609
Animals	26,472	19,614
Stocks	15,974	27,692
Notes secured by mortgage	7,249,124	7,964,125
Other notes	2,740,351	2,906,961
Piramide	55,577	44,142
Water rights	4,106	10,521
Patent rights	7,809	7,673
Steam engines	560,059	541,248
Saws	51,292	47,652
Typewriters	45,261	45,102
Adg. machines	9,491	11,667
Typewriting	22,423	38,655
Book accounts	1,933,379	1,923,222
Money on dep.	5,813,907	4,863,940
Money loaned	229,693	19,514
Judgments	18,820	1,076,214
Invent. in tax sales	25,431	33,012
Paid to building and loan and savings	358,992	371,738
Stock in corporations	152,519	122,213
Cash registers	49,506	52,808
Engravings	35,184	16,443
Telephones	62,464	80,727
Billiard tables	4,318	47,217
Pianos	999,476	1,063,110
Organs	179,877	118,295
Merchandise	9,799,546	9,814,299
Articles purchased	296,834	338,995
Manufacturing tools	1,929,988	1,855,506
Diamonds	197,308	194,882
Agricult. tools	1,929,988	1,855,506
Household furniture	3,732,444	3,845,115
Mechanical	166,832	170,128
Automobiles	823,465	1,246,659
Scales	52,195	51,622
Threshing machines	195,131	153,173
Corn shellers	74,156	68,994
Dogs	120,290	117,785
Imports, leased lands	1,368,490	1,382,454
Interest in state lands	549,422	575,572
Nurs' stock	13,835	12,590
Pawnbrokers' property	4,252	5,630
Eating houses	56,441	59,591
Licenses	758,680	726,629
Franchises	125,958	55,089
Cream sepr.	194,752	195,245
Sewing machines	246,932	232,697
Watches and clocks	225,669	201,519
Carriages	1,373,758	1,295,783
Bicycles	212,740	212,740
Stools	71,751	78,889
Wheat	974,799	848,868
Corn	4,095,603	2,581,716
Rye	18,820	4,888
Kaffir corn	497,269	489,833
Barley	7,459	6,432
Hay	11,414	3,480
Alfalfa	12,126	9,839
Flax seed	2,170	17,255
Grass seed	16,749	237,973
Hay & alfalfa	290,333	237,973
Broom corn	18,820	4,888
Poultry	482,015	482,339
Stock in any company	528,016	510,480
Stock in nat. banks	3,676,392	3,854,193
Stock in state banks	2,618,140	2,651,827
Insurance companies	580,885	641,888
Franchised corporations	2,907,519	4,498,269
Pipe lines	38,965	312,596
Express, telegraph and telephone lines	1,453,786	1,773,246
Office furniture	444,906	496,094
Jewelry	57,140	35,871
Cap. of grain brokers	270,595	269,378
Credit	232,303	353,882
All other property	793,740	751,014
Property real to list	2,129	3,651
Prop'ty of railroads	54,514,350	54,505,914
Public utility	118,083	124,869
Private car property	194,830	218,480
Totals	\$412,138,607	\$415,670,075

A Recommendation.

Secretary Walt has proposed to the statute revision commission that a paragraph be recommended to the next legislature that will eliminate primary candidates who do not receive at least twenty-five votes when their names are written in and when they were not candidates with their names on the ballot.

Grain Association Meeting.

The state committee of the Farmers' Co-operative Grain association of Nebraska held a meeting at Omaha and arranged for the annual gathering which will be in that city the second week in January and which will be attended by from 200 to 300 Farmers' elevator men of the state.

Local Alumni Perfected.

Fourteen graduates of the University of Michigan met and perfected a permanent local alumni association electing the following officers: President, W. S. Enger; vice president, H. A. Reese; secretary-treasurer, O. L. Sponsler.

Allowed to Reduce Rates.

The State Railway commission has given the Burlington permission to reduce its fifth class rate from Hastings to Grand Island from 10 cents to 9 cents to meet the St. Joseph & Grand Island's rate between the two towns. The reduction of the rates between the two towns will apply to all intermediate towns. Mr. Wakeley of the Burlington says it will be possible for his road to have train No. 4 running between Red Cloud and Hastings to connect with the Hastings branch train to Aurora.

ASK FOR THEIR PAY.

Bank Examiners Who Did No Work Have Claims.

Arguments in favor of allowing salaries to L. H. Tate of Omaha and H. F. Dowling of Grand Island for the time when the bank guaranty law was held up in the courts during which time the men were appointed to serve as bank examiners were heard by State Auditor Barton and the matter taken under advisement.

In case the auditor decides against the claimants they still have the right to appeal their cases to the district court. The Omaha man has filed a bill with the state for \$2,897, while Mr. Dowling asks for \$3,600. The latter alleges that he held his office for two full years until July 2, 1911, while Mr. Tate says he resigned his non-paying place when he had learned that the supreme court had upheld the law under which he was appointed.

Neither of the men deny that they have earned money in other pursuits since they were appointed to the \$1,800 a year jobs under the guaranty law, while the attorneys for the two men aver that it matters little if state officials are away from their posts half the time, or that they perform their duties a portion of the time or that they attend to business but little or that they earn money "on the side."

The mere fact that the appropriation was provided for they say, and that the men were appointed for the place, is sufficient to make the state liable for the salary of the men they maintain.

The attorneys further argued that the two bank examiners who never examined any banks cannot be shut out because the appropriation to pay them lapsed August 30, 1911, and their claims were not presented to the state until September 30, 1911. The attorneys allege that the constitution of Nebraska makes a distinction between appropriations for expenses of the state government and salaries of "officers of the government." They contend that the constitution does not set any time limit on the time of drawing of salaries from the treasury. They admit that the constitution requires that the obligation incurred by the state must be incurred during the biennium or within three months after the legislature adjourns, or appropriations lapse. This the supreme court of Nebraska has held, allege the attorneys.

Attorney General Grant Martin will act as the advisor of the state auditor. He intimated that as the work of bank examiners was done under the old law while the new law was being held up and was done by five examiners instead of by seven appointed by Governor Shallenberger it was possible that no indebtedness has been incurred by the state.

Reported for Prosecution.

Nine telephone companies which have failed to file their annual reports with the railway commission, were reported for prosecution.

The La Follette Campaign.

Frank H. Harrison, editor of the Nebraska State Capital, will go to Washington within a short time to assist in conducting the campaign of Senator Robert La Follette for the republican nomination for president.

Burlington Takes Off Train.

The railway commission has authorized the Burlington railroad company to take off two trains between Lincoln and Table Rock and two trains between Oxford and Red Cloud from November 5 till May 1. The commission finds that the traffic does not require these trains during the winter months and that the earnings of the company from the trains in question do not warrant their operation during that period.

Mr. Abbott is Exonerated.

Fred H. Abbott of Nebraska, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs, says a Washington dispatch, was exonerated from the charges recently made against him by William E. Johnson, a former Indian agent. Johnson charged that his dismissal from the government service was due to the fact that his activity in suppressing the sale of liquor was unsatisfactory to Mr. Abbott and Samuel Adams, first assistant secretary of the interior.

Wants to Be "Shown."

F. L. Ferguson, an engineer and architect living at Broken Bow, has written Governor Aldrich to find out how a candidate for United States senator can get his name on the primary ballot next April.

Wants the Alimony.

Laura B. Winters, who was divorced from her husband, Leonard Winters, in 1909, has appealed to the supreme court for a reversal of a decision that robs her of \$15 a month alimony.

Nomination Declined.

Judge Harry S. Dungan of the Tenth judicial district has informed the secretary of state that he declines the nomination on the prohibition ticket for the reason that he was not a candidate on that ticket at the primary election.

Y. M. C. A. Meeting.

A meeting of the state committees of the Young Men's Christian association, composed of delegates from every association in the state, will be held in this city November 3.

A PANIC IN PEKING

MANCHUS FEAR FOR THEIR LIVES AND ARE ESCAPING.

APPEAL MADE TO FOREIGNERS

Officials are Seeking Asylums for Their Wives and Families in Interest of Safety.

Peking.—The situation in Peking is becoming worse. A veritable panic prevails among the Manchus and the Manchus women are adopting Chinese dress. Some of them are attempting to make their feet appear small by peculiarly constructed shoes. The trains that are leaving the capital for the most part are drawn by two engines, so heavily are they loaded, the people sitting on top of their household belongings. Officials are seeking asylum for their wives and children among the foreigners.

Prior to the revolution the newspapers frequently cried out against the presence of foreign soldiers but the natives are now fleeing to them for shelter. One report fixes Monday night for the outbreak, but the presence of 15,000 Manchu troops, against 3,000 Chinese, ensures the safety of the capital for the present.

The only danger seems to be from a sudden attack against the throne or against the officials, which might precipitate the threatened massacre by the Manchus. Race feeling is becoming intensified. The price of provisions is still rising and many foreigners are entering the legation quarter. The legation guards are preparing for emergencies. The Americans have sand bags piled on the corner wall, which is now under a strong guard. Picturesque movements of the Manchu troops through the city gates occur silently at night to prevent excitement among the population.

Rumors are current that the emperor has been spirited away and that Prince Ching, who is too old for flight, has committed suicide. There are many such stories. They may or may not be true. The American legation has issued orders, that the women and children living along the Peking-Hankow railway and also in the country in the west of the line shall proceed as soon as possible to the coast.

JOSEPH PULITZER IS DEAD.

Proprietor of New York World Expires of Paralysis of Heart.

Charleston, S. C.—Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World and the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, died at 1:40 o'clock Sunday aboard his yacht, the liberty, in Charleston harbor. The immediate cause of Mr. Pulitzer's death was heart failure. He had been in ill health for several days but until a few hours before the end none of those around him suspected the gravity of his condition. He was born in 1847.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CALL.

Convention Will Be Composed of 1,064 Delegates.

Washington.—The call for the republican national convention to be issued by the national committee when it meets in Washington December 12 will provide for 1,064 delegates to be increased to 1,072, if Arizona and New Mexico become states before the convention is held. The increase from 980 delegates, which comprised the Chicago convention of 1908, is the result of the reapportionment by congress.

Madero Will Take office.

Torreon, Mex.—Due to the request of Francisco I. Madero, president-elect, the bull fight was eliminated from the program of festivities arranged in his honor. He will be inaugurated Nov. 5 or 6.

Ten Degrees Below Zero.

Dillon, Mont.—Unusually cold weather for this season of the year is reported from Big Hole basin in the southwestern part of the state. Thermometers at Wisdom, Mont., registered 10 degrees below zero Saturday.

Tariff Board's Report.

Washington